

Policy: MP184

Section: Medical Benefit Policy

Subject: Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty

Applicable Lines of Business

Commercial	X	CHIP	X
Medicare	X	ACA	X
Medicaid	X		

I. Policy: Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty

II. Purpose/Objective:

To provide a policy of coverage regarding Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty

III. Responsibility:

- A. Medical Directors
- B. Medical Management

IV. Required Definitions

1. Attachment – a supporting document that is developed and maintained by the policy writer or department requiring/authoring the policy.
2. Exhibit – a supporting document developed and maintained in a department other than the department requiring/authoring the policy.
3. Devised – the date the policy was implemented.
4. Revised – the date of every revision to the policy, including typographical and grammatical changes.
5. Reviewed – the date documenting the annual review if the policy has no revisions necessary.

V. Additional Definitions

Medical Necessity or Medically Necessary means Covered Services rendered by a Health Care Provider that the Plan determines are:

- a. appropriate for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the Member's condition, illness, disease or injury;
- b. provided for the diagnosis, and the direct care and treatment of the Member's condition, illness disease or injury;
- c. in accordance with current standards of good medical treatment practiced by the general medical community.
- d. not primarily for the convenience of the Member, or the Member's Health Care Provider; and
- e. the most appropriate source or level of service that can safely be provided to the Member. When applied to hospitalization, this further means that the Member requires acute care as an inpatient due to the nature of the services rendered or the Member's condition, and the Member cannot receive safe or adequate care as an outpatient.

Medicaid Business Segment

Medically Necessary — A service, item, procedure, or level of care that is necessary for the proper treatment or management of an illness, injury, or disability is one that:

- Will, or is reasonably expected to, prevent the onset of an illness, condition, injury or disability.
- Will, or is reasonably expected to, reduce or ameliorate the physical, mental or developmental effects of an illness, condition, injury or disability.

- Will assist the Member to achieve or maintain maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities, taking into account both the functional capacity of the Member and those functional capacities that are appropriate for Members of the same age

DESCRIPTION:

Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty has been proposed to improve cerebral artery lumen diameter in patients with intracranial atherosclerotic disease and cerebral vasospasm after aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage. The device consists of a self-expanding, nitinol stent sheathed in a delivery system that enables it to reach and to open narrowed arteries in the brain.

The use of an intracranial stent in conjunction with endovascular coil embolization of a wide-neck intracranial aneurysm (See MP 211) is considered medically necessary.

MEDICARE AND MEDICAID BUSINESS SEGMENT:

For Medicare and Medicaid Business Segment, intracranial percutaneous transluminal angioplasty with stenting may be considered medically necessary for the treatment of cerebral artery stenosis $\geq 50\%$ in patients with intracranial atherosclerotic disease when furnished in accordance with the FDA-approved protocols governing Category-B Investigational Device Exemption (IDE) clinical trials.

EXCLUSIONS:

Although the device is FDA approved, there is insufficient evidence in the peer-reviewed published medical literature to establish the effectiveness of Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty on health outcomes when compared to established treatments or technologies. For all lines of business **except Medicare and Medicaid** products, the use of Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty with or without stenting, for the treatment of intracranial atherosclerotic disease and cerebral vasospasm after aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage is considered **experimental, investigational or unproven**. The benefit for Medicare and Medicaid products will be in accordance to CMS mandated coverage as outlined in the current version of National Coverage Determination

Medicaid Business Segment:

Any requests for services, that do not meet criteria set in the PARP, may be evaluated on a case by case basis.

Note: A complete description of the process by which a given technology or service is evaluated and determined to be experimental, investigational or unproven is outlined in MP 15 - Experimental Investigational or Unproven Services or Treatment.

CODING ASSOCIATED WITH: Intracranial Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty

The following codes are included below for informational purposes and may not be all inclusive. Inclusion of a procedure or device code(s) does not constitute or imply coverage nor does it imply or guarantee provider reimbursement. Coverage is determined by the member specific benefit plan document and any applicable laws regarding coverage of specific services. Please note that per Medicare coverage rules, only specific CPT/HCPCS Codes may be covered for the Medicare Business Segment. Please consult the CMS website at www.cms.gov or the local Medicare Administrative Carrier (MAC) for more information on Medicare coverage and coding requirements.

- 61630** Balloon angioplasty, intracranial (eg. Atherosclerotic stenosis), percutaneous
- 61635** Transcatheter placement of intravascular stent(s), intracranial (eg. Atherosclerotic stenosis), including balloon angioplasty, if preformed.
- 61640** Balloon dilatation of intracranial vasoplasm, percutaneous, intial vessel
- 61641** Balloon dilation of intracranial vasoplasm, percutaneous; each additional vessel in same vascular family (List Separately in addition to code for primary procedure)
- 61642** Balloon dilation of intracranial vasoplasm, percutaneous; each additional vessel in different vascular family (List Separately in addition to code for primary procedure)

Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) © American Medical Association: Chicago, IL.

LINE OF BUSINESS:

Eligibility and contract specific benefits, limitations and/or exclusions will apply. Coverage statements found in the line of business specific benefit document will supersede this policy. For Medicare, applicable LCD's and NCD's will supercede this policy. For PA Medicaid Business segment, this policy applies as written.

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This policy will be revised as necessary and reviewed no less than annually.

Devised: 06/2006

Revised: 1/08 (added coil embolization limitation), 1/20 (revised layout, no clinical changes)

Reviewed: 1/09, 1/10, 2/11, 2/12, 2/13, 2/14, 2/15, 2/16, 1/17,1/18, 1/19, 1/21, 1/22, 1/23, 1/24

CMS UM Oversight Committee Approval: 12/23

Geisinger Health Plan may refer collectively to health care coverage sponsors Geisinger Health Plan, Geisinger Quality Options, Inc., and Geisinger Indemnity Insurance Company, unless otherwise noted. Geisinger Health Plan is part of Geisinger, an integrated health care delivery and coverage organization.

Coverage for experimental or investigational treatments, services and procedures is specifically excluded under the member's certificate with Geisinger Health Plan. Unproven services outside of an approved clinical trial are also specifically excluded under the member's certificate with Geisinger Health Plan. This policy does not expand coverage to services or items specifically excluded from coverage in the member's certificate with Geisinger Health Plan. Additional information can be found in MP015 Experimental, Investigational or Unproven Services.

Prior authorization and/or pre-certification requirements for services or items may apply. Pre-certification lists may be found in the member's contract specific benefit document. Prior authorization requirements can be found at <https://www.geisinger.org/health-plan/providers/ghp-clinical-policies>

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